



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

August 8, 1913

be no burial or removal of a corpse until a certificate of death has been filed as required by law and a burial or transit permit issued. Any violation of this ordinance shall subject the offending party to a penalty of \$10 for each offense.

SEC. 25. Every person who acts as a sexton or undertaker or cemetery keeper within the limits of this town, or has the charge or care of any tomb, vault, burying ground, or other place for the reception of the dead, or where the bodies of any human beings are deposited, shall so conduct his business and so care for such place above named as to avoid detriment or danger to public health; and any person undertaking preparations for the burial of a body dead from contagious or infectious disease as hereinbefore enumerated shall adopt such precautions as the board of health may prescribe to prevent the spread of such disease. Any violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall subject the offending party to a penalty of \$10 for each offense.

Health Officer—Powers and Duties. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 18, 1912.)

SEC. 26. The health officer is directed and empowered to execute and enforce all sanitary regulations of general obligation now or hereafter to be published by this board; also to enter upon or within any premises where conditions dangerous to the public health are known or believed to exist, and to examine into the nature of complaints made by any of the inhabitants concerning sources of danger or injury to health; and he shall preserve accurate records of his official actions and report the same to the board of health at its next meeting. And whenever in his judgment danger to public health shall arise requiring special regulation not of general application he shall forthwith notify the president of the board of health, who shall thereupon convene the board to take such action as may be necessary and proper.

Manure—Importation and Transportation. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 18, 1912.)

SEC. 27. No manure shall be brought into this town or unloaded or placed upon or removed from any dock landing or other place within the town between the 15th day of June, 1912, and the 15th day of September, 1912, unless a special permit, to be granted upon application to the board of health of the town, shall be issued permitting such landing, unloading, or removal, which permit shall contain such restrictions as the board shall deem necessary and proper.

Subdivision 2. All vehicles transporting manure upon the public highways of the town during any and all months of the year shall be so covered with canvas or burlap as to prevent any part of the load dropping into the streets.

Any violation of the provisions of this ordinance shall subject the offending party to a penalty of \$5 for each offense.

Spitting in Public Conveyances Prohibited. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 18, 1912.)

SEC. 28. Spitting in any railroad car, trolley car, or any other public conveyance, or upon any part thereof, being operated in the town of North Hempstead, is hereby prohibited. Any person violating this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and may be subject to a fine of \$250, or by six months' imprisonment, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty for Violation of Health Regulations. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 18, 1912.)

SEC. 29. Any willful violation of the foregoing rules and regulations, or any refusal to comply therewith or with any lawful order of the board of health, will be deemed a misdemeanor, and any person or persons so violating the same, or refusing to obey any lawful order of said board of health will be liable to arrest, action, and penalty, as provided by the public health law of the State of New York, and the Penal Code of said State, of which due notice must be taken.